

The Chicago Park band is a small scattered band that are self-supporting and no land is required.

By executive order a tract of approximately 40 acres was set aside for the Nevada City band. No further land will be required.

PLACER COUNTY:

It is estimated there are approximately 103 Indians in Placer County, distributed as follows:

Colfax.....	38
Todd's Valley.....	25
Clifford Gap.....	15
Auburn.....	25

A tract of 40 acres has been purchased for the Colfax band.

No land is required for the Todd's Valley band, nor is any land required for the Clifford Gap band.

Land has been purchased for the Auburn band but we have no information as to the acreage. No additional purchase of land will be required for this band.

PLUMAS COUNTY:

It is estimated that 450 Indians residing in Plumas County, are distributed as follows:

Prattville.....	85	Nelson Point.....	10
Greenville.....	84	Hartman's Bar.....	27
Rich Bar.....	10	Portola.....	30
Taylorville.....	42	Chilcoot.....	17
Quincy.....	53	Spanish Ranch.....	30
Genesee.....	62		

Most of the Indians residing in the vicinity of Prattville are located on allotments or other land that they have acquired. No land will be needed for this band.

The Indians residing in Greenville nearly all have homes of their own, mostly acquired through purchase, quite a few of which are held in trust. No land is required for these people.

The Indians at Rich Bar are situated on land owned by them, and it will therefore not be necessary to purchase a tract for their use.

A tract of 160 acres has been purchased for the Taylorville band.

The Indians residing in the vicinity of Quincy are living in the town of Quincy. The majority of them have homes of their own, consequently no land is required.

Practically all the Indians of the Genesee neighborhood have acquired homes of their own and are now residing on property held in their name.

No land will be required for the Indians of the Nelson Point band.

This Agency has not been able to secure very definite information as to the Hartman's Bar band of Indians, but from information at hand it appears that they do not require any land.

It does not appear that any land will be necessary for the Indians residing in the vicinity of Portola.

The above applies to the Chilcoot band of Indians.

At the Spanish Ranch we have a rather peculiar situation. The Indians of this band have, for years, refused to send their children to Government school and have only sent them to public school when absolutely forced to do so by the County authorities. At present they have moved so far from the public schools that under the State they can not be forced to have the children attend. This band has never desired to be recognized or aided by the Federal Government and, it is doubtful if land was purchased, if they could be induced to use same.

SAN BENITO COUNTY:

In San Benito County we find the San Juan Baptista band, which reside in the vicinity of the Mission San Juan Baptista, which is located near the town of Hollister. These Indians have been well cared for by Catholic priests and no land is required.

SHASTA COUNTY:

There are approximately 852 Indians now residing in Shasta County, distributed as follows:

Mc Arthur.....	75	Delamar.....	45
Slate Creek.....	20	Montgomery Creek...	40
Cayton.....	12	Round Mountain.....	20
Pittville.....	42	Hat Creek.....	60
Indian Springs.....	40	Mason.....	12
Bunker Hill.....	37	Silverthorn.....	10
Albion.....	40	Churntown.....	20
Mt. Burney.....	15	French Gulch.....	12
Cove.....	25	Ono.....	25
Lemoine.....	45	Redding.....	100
Delta.....	20	Anderson.....	25
Copley.....	15	Mistletoe.....	12
Baird.....	60	Antelope.....	15

At Mc Arthur most of the Indians have homes of their own, consequently no land is needed.

The Slate Creek band is well provided with homes. It will therefore not be necessary to purchase land for this band.

The Cayton band have sufficient homes of their own.

The majority of the Indians at Pittville have their own homes. No land will be required.

Forty acres was purchased for the Indians of the Indian Springs band.

The Indians of Bunker Hill band have homes of their own.

The same applies as above, to the Albion band.

The same also applies to the Mt. Burney band.

Eighty acres of land was purchased for the Cove band.

The Indians of the Lemoine band are supplied with homes and no purchase of land will therefore be necessary.

The Delta band have homes that compare favorably with the others in the County.

The above applies to the Copley band of Indians.

The Baird band reside along the Mc Cloud River and practically all have homes that they acquired by their own efforts, consequently no land will be needed for this band.

The above applies to the Delamar band.

Seventy-two acres was purchased for the Indians of the Montgomery Creek band.

The Indians of the Round Mountain band have their own homes, situated on land held in trust.

The Eat Creek Indians are well supplied with homes, most of which are considered the best of any band in Shasta County.

The Mason band have homes of their own.

The above applies to the Silverthorn band.

The Churntown band is well supplied with homes.

The French Gulch band has scattered and consequently no land is needed for them.

The Ono band is well supplied with homes.

A tract of 30 acres of good land was purchased for the Indians residing in the vicinity of Redding, which should be sufficient for their needs.

Practically all the Indians residing in Anderson own homes that are held in trust.

The Mistletoe band is scattered and therefore not in need of land.

The above applies to the Antelope band.

In conclusion of the discussion of Shasta County, kindly be advised that the majority of the Indians of Shasta County are mixed bloods and, with the exception of the places where we have purchased homes for them, are practically well supplied with nice little homes.

SIERRA COUNTY:

In Sierra County there is only one band, which is composed of about 72 persons, residing in the vicinity of Loyaltan and commonly known as the Loyaltan band. These Indians are now squatted on private property and it is the writer's opinion that something should be done to provide them with land that they can consider as their own, as at the present time they are entirely (with one exception) without property that they can consider as a home. It is probable that at least \$4,000, or possible \$5,000, will be needed to secure a suitable tract for this band.

SISKIYOU COUNTY:

There are approximately 1257 Indians residing in Siskiyou County, distributed as follows:

Bogus.....	22	Etna.....	100
Lowenns.....	20	Quartz Valley.....	90
Happy Camp.....	190	Meamber.....	90
Lakeview.....	15	Ieece.....	180
Sunnyside.....	15	Somes Bar.....	90
Dunsmuir.....	50	Butler Flat.....	30
Mt. Shasta.....	60	Fork of Salmon.....	120
Cleveland.....	25	Black Bear.....	25
Greenhorn (Yreka)....	50	Hamburg.....	60
Sawyer's Bar.....	25		

The Indians of the Bogus district have homes of their own.

The above applies to Lowenns.

Practically all of the Indians of the Happy Camp band have made provision for homes of their own.

The Indians of the Lakeview band have provided homes for themselves.

The above applies to Sunnyside.

The Indians in the vicinity of Dunsmuir mostly reside in the town, in homes that they rent or that are owned by them personally.

The Indians of the Mt. Shasta band practically all have homes of their own, although some of them do not own the land on which they are located.

The Cleveland band have made provision for homes of their own.

A large majority of the Greenhorn band reside in the town of Yreka.

The Sawyer's Bar band have made provision for homes of their own, practically all of them having small places.

A tract of 480 acres has been purchased to care for the Etna band, generally known as the Ruffey's Band.

The Indians of the Quartz Valley band have made provision for homes of their own.

The above applies to the Meamber band.

The Indians of the Ieece band are scattered along the bank of the Klamath River, where in many places there are a few acres of agricultural land, on which they have erected their homes and have, in most cases, acquired title or at the present time have applications for title pending.

The above applies to the Somes Bar band.

The Indians of the Butler Flat band reside along the Salmon River, and the conditions are practically the same as the Ieece and Somes Bar bands.

The Fork of the Salmon band live up the Salmon River from the Butler Flat band and the conditions are practically the same.

The Black Bear band have made provision for homes of their own along the South Fork of the Salmon River.

The Indians of the Hamburg band have made provision for homes of their own, most of them residing on small tracts along the Klamath River. The title to many of these small tracts is still pending and is receiving consideration at the present time.

In conclusion of the discussion of Siskiyou County, kindly be advised that practically all the Indians of this County are mixed bloods, many of whom resent being classed as Indians and desire to be considered as whites, except when it suits their convenience to be classed as an Indian.

Further, practically all the Indians of Siskiyou County are treated by the whites of that County as their equal, industrially as well as socially. In fact, the condition in this County and the advancement of the Indians is the best of any county under this jurisdiction. It will not be necessary to purchase additional land for the Indians of Siskiyou County.

SONOMA COUNTY:

Previous estimates, for several years back, have given the population of Sonoma County as in the neighborhood of 340 to 350, but when securing data for this report we find that the approximate census of Sonoma County is 453, distributed as follows:

Cloverdale.....40	Jenner.....15
Alexander Valley.....62	Bodega Bay.....35
Dry Creek.....87	Sebastopol.....76
Stewart's Point.....118	Litton (included in the
Duncan's Mill..... 20	total of Alexander Valley
	and Dry Creek).

A tract of land comprising 27.5 acres has been purchased for the Cloverdale band. No additional land will be needed for this band.

Fifty-four acres, comprised in two separate purchases, has been secured for the Alexander Valley or Wapo band. No additional land will be required for this band.

Seventy-five acres have been secured for the Dry Creek band. We have recently purchased another tract for the Dry Creek and Alexander Valley band, which will be known as the Litton Rancharia and which will be discussed at that time.

Forty acres have been purchased for the Stewart's Point band. The land purchased is isolated and not suitable for the purpose for which it was purchased. However, it was the original home of this band and it is doubtful, in fact extremely so, that if additional land was purchased if this band could be induced to leave the present rancharia. For this reason, it is not believed that additional land for the Stewart's Point band should be given consideration.

The Indians of the Duncan's Mill band are scattered and consequently no land will be required.

The Jenner's band consists primarily of two families who have made ample provision for their own homes.

Little is known of the Bodega Bay Indians. However, it is understood that they live along the coast of the Bay as squatters on property belonging to the various persons, making their living primarily as fishermen. The writer is not in position to make definite recommendation concerning this band at the present time, but from information at hand it would seem that no land will be required.

A tract of 40 acres has been purchased for the Sebastopol band. No additional land will be required.

During the present fiscal year 50 acres were purchased for the Litton Rancheria. The land purchased is as good in character, if not better, than any heretofore procured for Indian rancherias. It is the intention to move the Dry Creek and Geyserville band (which are now occupying the Dry Creek Rancheria) to the Litton Rancheria, by reason of the fact that the land in the Dry Creek Rancheria is not suitable for Indian homes and should never have been purchased, same being in a dark canyon with very little sun at any time of the year and commonly known throughout that locality as Dark Canyon.

STANISLAUS COUNTY:

There are about 25 Indians residing on land in the vicinity of Knight's Ferry. These Indians have always claimed that they had an interest in this land; in fact, the matter was referred to the United States District Attorney for action in the premises. Recently we were advised by the Office that the case had been dropped by reason of the fact that it was impossible to secure witnesses to testify in the prosecution of the case. The land which is in dispute is ten acres. However, from information at hand it appears that 15 or 20 acres of good land should be purchased for this band.

TEHAMA COUNTY:

There is an estimated Indian population of 135 in Tehama County, distributed as follows:

Farquhar.....	30
Manton.....	25
Tehama.....	20
Lowery's.....	10
Paskenta.....	30
Paynes Creek.....	20

The Farquhar band is now scattered, consequently no land is required for this band.

Most of the Manton band have acquired small places of their own.

The Indians of the Tehama band reside in town and have made provision for their own homes, consequently it will not be necessary to purchase a tract for them.

The Indians of Lowery's have scattered and there is no need for the purchase of land for them.

A tract of 260 acres has been purchased for the Paskenta band, which consists of eleven families with 7 minors.

The Indians of Paynes Creek band have acquired their own homes, consequently no land will be necessary.

TRINITY COUNTY:

Trinity County has a population of 268 Indians, distributed as follows:

Junction City.....	50	Brown's Creek.....	45
Weaverville.....	10	Hayfork.....	41
Lewiston.....	30	Caution.....	40
Hyampom.....	12	Burnt Ranch.....	40

The Indians of the Junction City band are scattered over a considerable area and those that are now residing in the vicinity of Junction City have made provisions for homes of their own, consequently no land is required.

The Weaverville band have homes of their own, consequently no land will be required.

The Indians of the Lewiston band practically all have homes of their own and no land will be needed for them.

The Hyampom band are practically all tax payers on real estate owned by them, therefore have homes of their own and it will not be necessary to purchase any land for this band.

The Indians of Brown's Creek band are scattered over a large area. It is doubtful, even if land was purchased, if they could be induced to make use of same. Further, many of them have made provision for homes and it will not be necessary to acquire land for their use.

The Hayfork band have, in the majority of cases, made provision for homes and no land will be required for them.

The Indians of the Caution band practically all own homes of their own, which are situated either on Indian allotments or on homesteads. This band is located in the rugged section of the Coast Range, many of them living 20 or more miles from the nearest postoffice. No land will be needed for this band.

The Indians that comprise the Burnt Ranch are mostly half bloods, who have made provision for homes of their own. No land will be required for this band.

TULARE COUNTY:

In Tulare County there are approximately 300 Indians. Of this number 159 reside on the Tule River Reservation. Approximately 45 are scattered in the various towns of Tulare County; the other 96 are distributed as follows:

Drum Valley.....	46
Eshon Valley.....	20
Lemon Cove.....	30

The Indians of Drum Valley have homes of their own.

The above applies to Eshon Valley.

The Indians of Lemon Cove have practically all made arrangements for homes and no land will be required.

In connection with Tulare County, kindly be advised that 40 acres of land has been purchased, which is located near the town of Strathmore; that at present it does not appear that we will be able to make beneficial use of this tract by reason of the fact that we have not been able to get the homeless Indians residing in that vicinity to make use of same.

TUOLUMNE COUNTY:

There are approximately 280 Indians residing in Tuolumne County, distributed as follows:

Tuolumne.....	125	Quartz.....	16
Columbia.....	28	Jamestown.....	8
Bald Rock.....	29	Ward's Ferry.....	10
Sonora.....	27	Groveland.....	37

A tract of 289 acres has been purchased for the Tuolumne colony.

The Columbia band is considerably scattered and is not in need of land.

We are not very familiar with the Bald Rock band, which resides in the high Sierras and, since receipt of Office letter, have not been able to make field investigation primarily because of climatic conditions. However, from information at hand it does not appear that this band is in need of land.

The Indians of the Sonora band are making very satisfactory progress and provision for their own homes, consequently no land will be required.

The above applies to the Quartz band.

No land is required for the Jamestown band.

Little information is available concerning the Ward's Ferry band, but from that at hand it appears no land will be needed.

The Indians of Groveland band are making satisfactory progress, many of them having their own homes, consequently it will not be necessary to purchase land for this band.

YOLO COUNTY:

A tract of 75 acres has been purchased for the Humsey band of Indians in this County, which comprises about 48 individuals. There are no other bands of Indians in Yolo County, although a small number might be found scattered through the various towns.

YUBA COUNTY:

There are approximately 51 Indians in Yuba County, which are divided about equally between the Anthony House or Dobbins band and the Strawberry Valley band. A tract of one-half acre has been purchased for the Strawberry Valley band, and it is not considered that any land is required for the other band.

MISCELLANEOUS COUNTIES:

Besides the Counties listed above, we have an estimated Indian population in the following Counties:

Contra Costa.....	65
Merced.....	125
Yuba.....	61
Sacramento.....	575
San Francisco.....	475
San Joaquin.....	125
San Luis Obispo.....	45
San Mateo.....	?
Santa Clara.....	51
Santa Cruz.....	11
Solano.....	45
Sutter.....	33

So far as the writer has been able to ascertain, none of the Indians in these Counties have ever been known or considered as bands. The majority of them reside in the larger cities and seek employment in the various factories, mills, etc., in those cities. It is not believed that land is required for any of the Indians residing in these Counties.

S U M M A R Y:

From the above it will be noted that there are 222 bands located in the 45 counties of this jurisdiction. Provision has been made for tracts for 48 of these bands, having a population of 3218 people, for which 5925.5 acres was purchased. Provision has been made for three bands with a population of 182, for whom 360 acres was set aside by Executive Order, thereby making the number of bands that have been provided for, in all, 51 - the population of which is 3380, for which 6285 acres has been provided. It is believed that provision should be made to secure land for the following bands:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>County</u>
← Ione	46	Amador
← Buena Vista	20	"
- Lower Lake	37	Lake
- Tomales Bar	150	Marin
- Yosemite	47	Mariposa
- Loyalton	72	Sierra
← Knight's Ferry	25	Stanislaus

Land being purchased.

When these purchases are completed an additional population of 397 will have been provided for.

There are seven other bands on which we do not have sufficient information to make definite recommendation at this time but for which it is probable that it will be necessary to purchase land:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Population</u>	<u>County</u>
-Oleta	60	Amador
-Bidwell	45	Butte
-Mountain House	96	"
-Nashville	24	El Dorado
-Indian Diggins	25	"
-Latrobe	15	"
-Spanish Ranch	30	Plumas

These seven bands have a total population of 295.

There are two places where additional purchases will be necessary:

Pinolville with a population of 120, in Mendocino County,

Susanville " " " " 125, " Lassen "

Since writing the detailed information contained in the foregoing part of this report, it is learned the County Records show that 60 acres for the Muscles Slough, or Taohs, band was deeded to the United States by the Indians. This 60 acres of this band of 104 is not included in the recapitulation shown above. Of the original 80 acre tract which was owned by the Indians, there still remains 20 acres in their name, and from recent information it does not appear that it will be necessary in the near future to have this taken over by the Government.

In connection with land to be purchased, attention is most respectfully called to the fact that the purchase of a tract for the Buena Vista band, in Amador County, comprising 70 acres, for a consideration of \$3,000, is now pending. It is possible that purchase may be completed during the fiscal year 1927, and, if not, it is practically certain that it will be completed early in the fiscal year 1928.

The further fact that the purchase of a tract of 40 acres for wood reserve as an addition to the present Pinolville Rancheria, is also pending, with the possibility that it may be completed this fiscal year. If not, it is very probable that same will be completed the early part of next fiscal year.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

It is understood from Office communications that a complete report as to the needs of the homeless Indians of California is desired; such report would not be complete without calling attention to the fact that, although land is needed as shown above for from 7 to 14 additional bands, the paramount need of the homeless Indians of California now is the development of tracts already purchased, through the provision of adequate water supply for domestic use, proper fencing of same, and provision for the construction of better homes on each tract purchased. The importance of adequate water supply for domestic use is apparent as a sanitary and health measure without further discussion.

The tracts should be fenced, as frequently considerable friction and agitation is caused between the Indians occupying the tract and their white neighbors because of poor, or no fences. These improvements should, in the writer's opinion, be cared for out of gratuity appropriations.

The question of homes has caused this Agency considerable concern as to the plan that will prove the most successful. The reimbursable plan has proved a failure among the California Indians on the public domain, except in one or two isolated instances. Therefore this plan was discarded. Two other plans have suggested themselves; one, that the Government furnish the home gratuitously; the other, that the home be built and written up on a contract similar to reimbursable plan, with the understanding that the Indian is to pay so much each year, and the further understanding that if he does not make payments when due, the house will be confiscated and sold to another desiring a home. It is believed that payments should extend over a period of ten years, and the condition of the contract should be practically the same as used by real estate firms in this State who sell homes on long-time payment. It is further believed that this rule of forfeiture for non-payment should be strictly adhered to, except in cases of physical disability incurred after the contract has been made. It is further suggested that, before an Indian be given a home under this plan, he be required to make a down-payment of at least 10%. It is recommended that the minimum allowed for houses be \$100 and the maximum \$500, under this plan, depending upon the need of the individual and his ability to meet the obligation.

It is therefore accordingly recommended that in the future, when the matter of funds for the homeless Indians of California is presented to the Budget Bureau and Congress, provision be made so that funds so allotted will be available for improvements of tracts already purchased as well as for purchase of additional tracts.

CONCLUSION:

In conclusion, kindly be advised that it has not been physically possible to comply literally with Office instructions, and it is believed from the foregoing the magnitude of the undertaking will be realized, especially as census, so far as we are aware, is available for only seven counties.

In this connection, kindly be advised that little data covering the question at hand was found in the files of Agencies consolidated to form this jurisdiction.

Also in this connection, kindly be further advised it is believed the Office realizes that at an Agency having jurisdiction over public domain Indians such as Sacramento Agency, it is impossible to have as close a personal touch with the individual as on a closed reservation.

We sincerely trust that the data given herewith will serve the purpose for which desired.

Respectfully submitted



L. A. Dorrington,
Superintendent.

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